

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Delilah Terrace Mobile Home Park Has Levels of Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS) and Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA) Above A Drinking Water Standard

As you know, in the second quarter of 2022, our water system violated a New Jersey drinking water standard, and as our customers, you have a right to know what happened, what you should do, and what we have done and are continuing to do to correct this situation. **Delilah Terrace Mobile Home Park is no longer providing water above the New Jersey PFOA or PFOS drinking water standard.** Specifically, we removed Well 3 and its corresponding treatment plant, TP003009, from service and drilled a new well, Well 5. We have been using Well 5 since June 9, 2022.

Well 3/TP003009 is present for EMERGENCY USE and you would have been notified if the well and treatment plant were utilized.

You were previously notified of the PFOS and PFOA maximum contaminant level (MCL) violation in public notice(s) issued on May 15, 2023. Per the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, we will continue to provide you with an updated public notice every 3 months until we complete all approved remedial measures and return to compliance with the MCL. An updated public notice will be available on our website: [Delilahterrace.com](https://delilahterrace.com). If you would like to continue receiving the three-month update via direct delivery instead, please reach out to Susanna Davis at 609-646-6788 or Susannag@kdmdevelopment.com.

We routinely monitor for the presence of federal and state regulated drinking water contaminants. New Jersey adopted a standard, or MCL, for PFOS and PFOA in 2020 and monitoring began in 2021. The MCL for PFOS is 0.013 parts per billion (ppb) and the MCL for PFOA is 0.014 ppb and is based on a running annual average (RAA), in which the four most recent quarters of monitoring data are averaged. On May 23, 2022, we received notice that the samples collected on April 27, 2022, showed that our system exceeds the PFOS and PFOA MCL at TP003009 (Well 3). **It should be noted, the RAA for PFOS and PFOA is based on samples collected previously as there are no current results since the source is no longer being used. See "What is being done" below for more information.**

What is PFOS and PFOA?

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) and Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) are members of the group of chemicals called per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), that are man-made and used in industrial and commercial applications. PFOS is used in metal plating and finishing as well as in various commercial products. PFOA is used as a processing aid in the manufacture of fluoropolymers used in non-stick cookware and other products, as well as other commercial and industrial uses, based on its resistance to harsh chemicals and high temperatures. PFOS and PFOA have also been used in aqueous film-forming foams for firefighting and training, and it is found in consumer products such as stain-resistant coatings for upholstery and carpets, water-resistant outdoor clothing, and greaseproof food packaging. Major sources of PFOS and PFOA in drinking water include discharge from industrial facilities where it was made or used, and the release of aqueous film-forming foam. Although the use of PFOS and PFOA have decreased substantially, contamination is expected to continue indefinitely because it is extremely persistent in the environment and is soluble and mobile in water.

What does this mean?

**People who drink water containing PFOS in excess of the MCL over time could experience problems with their immune system, kidney, liver, or endocrine system. For females, drinking water containing PFOS in excess of the MCL over time may cause developmental effects and problems with the immune system, liver, or endocrine system in a fetus and/or an infant. Some of these developmental effects may persist through childhood.*

People who drink water containing PFOA in excess of the MCL over time could experience problems with their blood serum cholesterol levels, liver, kidney, immune system, or, in males, the reproductive system. Drinking water containing PFOA in excess of the MCL over time may also increase the risk of testicular and kidney cancer. For females, drinking water containing PFOA in excess of the MCL over time may cause developmental delays in a fetus and/or an infant. Some of these developmental effects may persist through childhood.

* For specific health information see

https://www.nj.gov/health/ceohs/documents/pfas_drinking%20water.pdf.

What should I do?

- Anyone concerned about their health should consult with their personal healthcare provider.
- The New Jersey Department of Health advises that infant formula and other beverages for infants, such as plain water or juice, should be prepared with bottled water when PFOS/PFOA is elevated in drinking water.
- Pregnant, nursing, and women considering having children may choose to use bottled water or a home water filter designed to remove PFOS/PFOA for drinking and cooking to reduce exposure to PFOS/PFOA.
- Other people may also choose to use bottled water for drinking and cooking to reduce exposure to PFOS/PFOA or a home water filter that is certified to reduce levels of PFOS/PFOA.
- Home water treatment devices are available that can reduce levels of PFOS/PFOA. If a water treatment device is used, it is important to follow the manufacturer's guidelines for maintenance and operation. For more specific information regarding the effectiveness of home water filters for reducing PFOS/PFOA, visit the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) International website, <http://www.nsf.org/>. [NSF does not certify reduction of PFOS/PFOA to the NJ MCL for PFOS/PFOA.]
- Boiling your water will not remove PFOS or PFOA.

For more information, see <https://www.nj.gov/dep/watersupply/pfas/>.

What is being done?

A PFAS treatment system for Well 3, will be installed. We anticipate resolving the problem within 6 - 12 months.

For more information, please contact **Susanna Davis at 609-646-6788 or Susannag@kdmdevelopment.com**

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Delilah Terrace Mobile Home Park. State Water System ID#: NJ0119001

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